

In vivo cross-sectional imaging of the phonating larynx using long-range Doppler optical coherence tomography

Carolyn A. Coughlan, MD¹, Li-dek Chou, MS^{2,3}, Joseph C. Jing, MS^{2,4}, Jason J. Chen, BS², Swathi Rangarajan, MS³, Theodore H. Chang, BS³, Giriraj K. Sharma, MD, MS¹, Kyoungrai Cho, MD^{2,5}, Donghoon Lee, MD^{2,5}, Julie A. Goddard, MD¹, Zhongping Chen, PhD^{2,4*}, Brian J.F. Wong, MD, PhD^{1,2*}

¹ Department of Otolaryngology - Head and Neck Surgery, University of California, Irvine, School of Medicine

² Beckman Laser Institute & Medical Clinic, University of California, Irvine

³ OCT Medical Imaging Inc.

⁴ Department of Biomedical Engineering, University of California, Irvine

⁵ Department of Otorhinolaryngology-Head & Neck Surgery, Sanggye Paik Hospital, Inje University, Korea

* Drs. Wong and Chen are the corresponding authors. Their emails are bjwong@uci.edu and z2chen@uci.edu respectively.

Supplementary Information

Supplementary Video 1. Video of B-frame images. The subject was phonating at approximately 850 Hz. The video is playing at 10 fps.

Supplementary Video 2. Video of B-frame images. The subject was phonating at approximately 250 Hz. The video is playing at 10 fps.

Supplementary Video 3. Real-time OCT with endoscopic video side by side. The left shows OCT images corresponding to the endoscopic video on the right.

Supplementary Video 4. Doppler B-scan video. The subject was phonating at about 250 Hz. The video is playing at 10 fps. The lateral dimension is shown in unadjusted aspect.